

Second Semester B.Sc. Nursing Examination, (Phase - III) Winter - 2023
NURSING FOUNDATION- I & II

Total Duration : Section A + B + C = 3 Hours

Section A Marks : 12

SECTION - A (MCQ)

- Instructions :**
- 1) Use black ball point pen only.
 - 2) Each question carries one mark.
 - 3) Rough work should be done only on the Blank Space provided on the question paper booklet. If the rough work done is found else where other than the space provided on question paper or anywhere on answerbook such an act will be treated as an attempt to resort to Unfair means.

1. Multiple Choice Questions :

[12×1=12]

- 1) Involuntary passing of urine is known as
 - a) Enuresis
 - b) Elimination
 - c) Micturation
 - d) Defecation
- 2) When recording blood pressure, the sounds which can be heard with a stethoscope placed over the artery is termed as:
 - a) Wheeze
 - b) Murmurs
 - c) Crackle Sounds
 - d) Korotkoff Sounds
- 3) The Medical term for Pressure Ulcers is:
 - a) Bed Sores
 - b) Cushing's Ulcer
 - c) Curling's Ulcer
 - d) Decubitus Ulcer
- 4) Using the principles of standard precautions, the nurse would wear gloves in what nursing interventions?
 - a) Providing a back massage
 - b) Feeding a client
 - c) Providing hair care
 - d) Providing oral hygiene

- 5) Following is a scale used to assess the fall risk among the patients:
- a) Morse Scale
 - b) Braden Scale
 - c) Glasgow Coma Scale
 - d) Visual Assessment Scale
- 6) Which of the following actions should the nurse take to use a wide base support when assisting a client to get up in a chair?
- a) Bend at the waist and place arms under the client's arms and lift
 - b) Face the client, bend knees and place hands on client's forearm and lift
 - c) Spread his or her feet apart
 - d) Tighten his or her pelvic muscles
- 7) Five teaspoon is equivalent to how many milliliters (ml)?
- a) 30ml
 - b) 25ml
 - c) 12ml
 - d) 22ml
- 8) An assessment technique in which critical observation of client done without touching by nurse or health care provider is
- a) Inspection
 - b) Palpation
 - c) Auscultation
 - d) Percussion
- 9) A client is hospitalized for the first time, which of the following actions ensure the safety of the client?
- a) Keep unnecessary furniture out of the way
 - b) Keep side rails up at all time
 - c) Keep all equipment out of view
 - d) Keep the lights on at all time

10) A walk-in client enters into the clinic with a chief complaint of abdominal pain and diarrhea. The nurse takes the client's vital sign hereafter. What phase of nursing process is being implemented here by the nurse?

- a) Assessment
- b) Diagnosis
- c) Implementation
- d) Evaluation

11) Severe symptoms generally develop suddenly and lasts for short time, often only a few days or a week.

- a) Chronic illness
- b) Acute illness
- c) Pain
- d) Syndrome

12) Which of the following is the meaning of NBM?

- a) When advice
- b) Immediately
- c) Nil by mouth
- d) No body moment



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

- 1) a
- 2) d
- 3) d
- 4) d
- 5) a
- 6) b
- 7) b
- 8) a
- 9) b
- 10) a
- 11) b
- 12) c

Second Semester B.Sc. Nursing Examination, (Phase - III) Winter - 2023
NURSING FOUNDATION - I & II

Total Duration : Section A + B + C = 3 Hours

Section B & C Marks :63

SECTION - B & SECTION-C

- Instructions :**
- 1) Use **black ball point pen only.**
 - 2) **Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.**
 - 3) **All questions are compulsory.**
 - 4) **The number to the right indicates full marks.**
 - 5) **Draw diagrams wherever necessary.**
 - 6) **Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.**
 - 7) **Use a common answerbook for Section B & C.**

2. Essay/Situation Type (Solve any 2 Out of 3):- **[2×15=30]**

- a)
 - i) List the complications of Unconsciousness. **[3]**
 - ii) Explain the Glasgow coma scale. **[5]**
 - iii) List the pressure points in a supine position. **[2]**
 - iv) How will you prevent pressure sores in a patient. **[5]**

- b)
 - i) Explain the types of admission in the hospital. **[4]**
 - ii) Explain the Nurses role while taking admission. **[4]**
 - iii) How will you take care of the unit after patient's discharge. **[4]**
 - iv) List the roles of a professional nurse. **[3]**

- c) Mrs. Seema, 74 years old female is having difficulty in breathing, shortness of breathe, looking exhausted and is anxious. She is receiving oxygen 50% via oxygen mask. Answer the following.
- i) List 3 nursing diagnosis for Mrs. Seema. [3]
 - ii) List the parameters assessed during respiratory assessment. [2]
 - iii) Explain the nursing responsibilities while patient is receiving oxygen therapy. [5]
 - iv) List the nursing interventions for improving the breathing in a patient. [5]

3. Short Notes(Solve any 5 Out of 6):- [5×5=25]

- a) Nutritional assessment
- b) Standard Precautions in infection control
- c) Factors affecting Sleep
- d) Role of nurse in maintaining optimal noise and ventilation in the ward
- e) Health care team: Roles and responsibilities
- f) Explain Process of Communication

4. Very Short Notes(Solve any 4 Out of 5):- [4×2=8]

- a) Define Pulse. List 2 alterations in pulse
- b) List 2 differences between verbal and non verbal communication
- c) List the methods to check the placement of Ryles tube in the stomach?
- d) How will you take care of rubber mackintosh?
- e) List 4 nursing responsibilities while applying physical restraint.

